## ADDITIONAL PROBLEMS

## Problem \#1

The economy consists of two consumers and two goods (there is no production). Utility functions of consumers are given by the following formulas: $U_{1}\left(x_{11}, x_{12}\right)=x_{11}{ }^{1 / 3} x_{12}{ }^{2 / 3}, U_{2}\left(x_{21}, x_{22}\right)=\min \left\{x_{21}, x_{22}\right\}$. For what initial resources of consumers the allocation $x_{1}=x_{2}=(1 / 2,1 / 2)-$ which is Pareto-optimal - can be reached as a market equilibrium point?
Hint: assuming that $w_{11}+w_{21}=1$ and $w_{12}{ }^{+} w_{22}=1$, the equilibrium price ratio for point $x_{11}=x_{21}=$ $(1 / 2,1 / 2)$ amounts to $p_{2} / p_{1}=2$.
a) $w_{11}=2 / 3, w_{12}=5 / 12$
b) $w_{11}=2 / 3, w_{12}=7 / 12$
c) $w_{11}=1 / 3, w_{12}=5 / 12$
d) Will not be reached because with the given utility functions the assumptions of the Second Theorem of Welfare Economics are not fulfilled.

