## **ADDITIONAL PROBLEMS**

## Problem #1

The economy consists of two consumers and two goods (there is no production). Utility functions of consumers are given by the following formulas:  $U_1(x_{11}, x_{12}) = x_{11}^{1/3} x_{12}^{2/3}$ ,  $U_2(x_{21}, x_{22}) = min\{x_{21}, x_{22}\}$ . For what initial resources of consumers the allocation  $x_1 = x_2 = (1/2, 1/2)$  – which is Pareto-optimal – can be reached as a market equilibrium point?

Hint: assuming that  $w_{11} + w_{21} = 1$  and  $w_{12} + w_{22} = 1$ , the equilibrium price ratio for point  $x_{11} = x_{21} = (1/2, 1/2)$  amounts to  $p_2/p_1 = 2$ .

a)  $w_{11} = 2/3$ ,  $w_{12} = 5/12$ 

b)  $w_{11} = 2/3$ ,  $w_{12} = 7/12$ 

- c)  $w_{11} = 1/3$ ,  $w_{12} = 5/12$
- d) Will not be reached because with the given utility functions the assumptions of the Second Theorem of Welfare Economics are not fulfilled.